

REAT SYLLABUS: LAW

UNIT – I: Jurisprudence and Constitutional Governance

A. Jurisprudence

1. Nature and Sources of Law
2. Schools of Jurisprudence: Natural Law , Analytical/Positivist School , Historical School , Sociological School , Realist School
3. Law and Morality
4. Global Justice
5. Modernism and Post-Modernism

B. Constitutional Governance

6. Preamble of the Indian Constitution
7. Fundamental Rights and Fundamental Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy
8. Union and State Legislature, Distribution of Legislative Powers
9. Judiciary and Election Commission of India: Role and Functions
10. Judicial Review of Administrative Actions

UNIT – II: International and Commercial Law

A. International Law

1. International Law: Definition, Nature, and Basis
2. Recognition of States and Governments
3. United Nations: Role and Functions and World Trade Organization (WTO)
4. Settlement of International Disputes
5. International Humanitarian Law (IHL): Conventions and Protocols
6. Implementation of IHL: Challenges

B. Commercial Law

8. Essential Elements of a Contract
9. E-Contracts
10. Breach of Contract
11. Frustration of Contract

UNIT – III: Law of Torts and Crime

A. Law of Torts

1. Nature and Definition of Tort
2. General Defences in Tort
3. Strict Liability
4. Absolute Liability
5. Tortious Liability of the State

B. Criminal Law

6. General Principles of Criminal Liability
7. Stages of Crime
8. Inchoate Crimes
9. Theories of Punishment
10. Kinds of Punishments

UNIT – IV: ENVIRONMENT AND HUMAN RIGHTS LAW

A. Environmental Law

1. Meaning and Concept of Environment
2. Environmental Pollution and Laws in India and abroad
3. National Green Tribunal (NGT) and United Nations Conferences on Environment
4. Constitutional Framework for Environmental Protection in India
5. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)Control of Hazardous Waste

B. Human Rights Law

6. Concept and Development of Human Rights
7. Universalism and Cultural Relativism
8. International Bill of Rights
9. Group Rights : Women , Children , Minorities
10. Protection and Enforcement of Human Rights in India

UNIT – V: Intellectual Property Rights and Information Technology Law

A. Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)

1. Concept and Meaning of Intellectual Property
2. Theories of Intellectual Property
3. International Conventions on IPR
4. Copyright and Neighbouring Rights
5. Law of Patents
6. Law of Trademarks
7. Geographical Indications
8. Biodiversity and Traditional Knowledge

B. Information Technology Law

9. IT Law: Digital Signatures , Electronic Records , Electronic Governance
10. Cyber Crimes
11. Penalties and Adjudication